

Package: TiDEomics (via r-universe)

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Title Time-course Differential Expression analysis of omics data

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Description TiDEomics provides tools for time-course omics data analysis, focusing on differential expression across multiple experimental groups (>2 conditions). The package implements workflows for quality control, data processing, and analysis of temporal patterns, enabling integrated analysis of all groups in addition to pairwise comparisons. It supports datasets with missing values, including mass spectrometry-based proteomics, and operates on SummarizedExperiment objects to ensure compatibility with the Bioconductor ecosystem.

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URL <https://github.com/hte123/TiDEomics>,
<https://hte123.github.io/TiDEomics>

BugReports <https://github.com/hte123/TiDEomics/issues>

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calc_feature_property *Calculate feature property*

Description

Calculate randomness p-value, maximum fold change along time course, and ratio of expressed time points for each feature in each group, based on the mean of replicates at each time point.

Usage

```
calc_feature_property(se_obj_merged_list, threshold = NULL)
```

Arguments

se_obj_merged_list A list of SummarizedExperiment objects created by `merge_replicates()`, each containing the mean of replicates for each feature at each time point for one group.

threshold A numeric value to determine whether a feature is "expressed" in samples. (default is NULL, meaning any non-NA value is considered expressed).

Value

A list of SummarizedExperiment objects, each corresponding to one group, with updated rowData containing the following columns: Feature, Group, Exp_threshold, T_exp (number of time points with values > Exp_threshold), T_total (total number of time points), P_trend (p-value from Bartels' test for randomness against a trend), Max_FC (maximum fold change across time points), Max_FC_time (difference between the time points at which maximum and minimum expression occur; positive if max occurs after min, negative otherwise), Exp_ratio (T_exp / T_total).

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)

example_obj_merged_list <-
  calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list, threshold = 0)
property_random_fc <- summarise_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list)
```

 calc_mean_sd

Calculate mean and SD

Description

Calculate mean and standard deviation for each group and time point

Usage

```
calc_mean_sd(se_obj)
```

Arguments

se_obj A SummarizedExperiment object with assays containing expression data. The first assay should be the original data, and the second (if present) should be normalized data.

Value

A list containing two data frames: one for original values and one for normalized values (if available). Each data frame includes columns for Mean, SD, Group, Time, and Feature.

Examples

```
data("example")
table_mean_sd_list <- calc_mean_sd(example_obj)
table_mean_sd <- table_mean_sd_list$norm0
plot_trend(table_mean_sd,
  features = sample(unique(table_mean_sd$Feature), 4))
```

create_input	<i>Create object</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

Check format of input data and sample annotation, create a SummarizedExperiment object

Usage

```
create_input(data, sample_ann, subject_col = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	A data frame with rows as features (e.g., genes, proteins) and columns as samples. The first column should contain feature identifiers (e.g., gene symbols) and named as 'Feature'. The data should have been log transformed (and normalised if needed). Missing values are allowed in some of the downstream analyses.
sample_ann	A data frame containing sample annotations with required columns: 'Sample', 'Group', and 'Time'. 'Replicate' and 'Batch' are optional columns and will be auto-generated if not provided. 'Time', 'Replicate' and 'Batch' should be numeric.
subject_col	Optional: name of a column in sample_ann identifying biological subjects measured repeatedly across time points (e.g., "PatientID"). If provided, the column is renamed to 'Subject' and used for repeated-measures analyses downstream. If NULL (default), all samples are treated as independent, e.g. for cell culture experiments. experiments.

Value

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data and sample annotations.

Examples

```
data <- data.frame(Feature = c("Gene1", "Gene2"),
                  Sample1 = c(1, 2), Sample2 = c(3, 4))
sample_ann <- data.frame(
  Sample = c("Sample1", "Sample2"),
  Group = c("A", "A"),
  Time = c(0, 1),
  Replicate = c(1, 1),
  Batch = c(1, 1)
)
se_obj <- create_input(data, sample_ann)
```

DE_between_group	<i>DE between groups</i>
------------------	--------------------------

Description

Differential expression analysis between groups at each time point by limma. The function compares each pair of groups at each time point, and returns a nested list of DE analysis results for each pair of groups and each time point including all features, as well as a list of filtered DE results for each pair of groups based on the specified thresholds including only significant features. The function can also plot the number of DE features between groups over time.

Usage

```
DE_between_group(
  se_obj,
  group = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
  assay = c(1, 2),
  adjP_thres = 0.05,
  logFC_thres = 1,
  trend = FALSE,
  plot = TRUE,
  fontsize = 8
)
```

Arguments

<code>se_obj</code>	A SummarizedExperiment object
<code>group</code>	(Optional) A character vector specifying which group to be compared to. If NULL, all groups in the 'Group' column will be compared to. (default is NULL)
<code>filter</code>	(Optional) Minimum number of replicates required in both conditions for a feature to be tested. If NULL, the minimum number of replicates across all groups and time points will be used. (default is NULL)
<code>assay</code>	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default is 1)
<code>adjP_thres</code>	(Optional) Threshold for adjusted p-value to consider a feature as differentially expressed (default is 0.05)
<code>logFC_thres</code>	(Optional) Threshold for log ₂ fold change to consider a feature as differentially expressed (default is 1)
<code>trend</code>	(Optional) Logical, passed to <code>limma::eBayes()</code> . Set to TRUE for RNA-seq count-derived data to model the mean-variance trend. Leave as FALSE (default) for microarray, proteomics, metabolomics, or other log-intensity data where the mean-variance relationship is typically flat.
<code>plot</code>	(Optional) Whether to plot the number of DE features between groups over time (default is TRUE)
<code>fontsize</code>	(Optional) Font size for the plot (default is 8)

Details

Only time points present in both groups are compared. No multiple-testing correction is applied across the pairwise group-by-time comparisons; each comparison is independent. Apply your own correction (e.g., `stats::p.adjust()`) across combined results if needed.

Value

A list containing two elements: 'all_list' is a nested list of DE results for each pair of groups and each time point including all features; 'de_list' is a list of filtered DE results for each pair of groups based on the specified thresholds including only significant features.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

DE_between_group_out <- DE_between_group(example_obj, assay = 2)
```

DE_between_time	<i>DE between time points</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Differential expression analysis between time points within each group by limma

Usage

```
DE_between_time(
  se_obj,
  group = NULL,
  filter = NULL,
  assay = c(1, 2),
  adjP_thres = 0.05,
  logFC_thres = 1,
  trend = FALSE,
  fontsize = 8
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object created by <code>create_input</code>
group	(Optional) A character vector specifying which groups to analyse. If NULL, all groups in the 'Group' column will be used. (default is NULL)
filter	(Optional) Minimum number of replicates required in both conditions for a feature to be tested. If NULL, the minimum number of replicates across all groups and time points will be used. (default is NULL)

assay	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default is 1)
adjP_thres	(Optional) Threshold for adjusted p-value to consider a feature as differentially expressed (default is 0.05)
logFC_thres	(Optional) Threshold for log ₂ fold change to consider a feature as differentially expressed (default is 1)
trend	(Optional) Logical, passed to <code>limma::eBayes()</code> . Set to TRUE for RNA-seq count-derived data to model the mean-variance trend. Leave as FALSE (default) for microarray, proteomics, metabolomics, or other log-intensity data where the mean-variance relationship is typically flat.
fontsize	(Optional) Font size for the heatmap of DE numbers (default is 8)

Value

A list containing two elements: 'all_list' is a nested list of DE results for each group and time point comparison including all features; 'de_list' is a nested list of filtered DE results based on the specified thresholds including only significant features.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

DE_between_time_out <- DE_between_time(example_obj, assay = 1)
plot_DE_between_time(example_obj,
  de_list = DE_between_time_out$de_list,
  fontsize = 8, value = TRUE, nrow = 1, heatmap_width = 3)
```

decomp_variance	<i>Variance decomposition</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Variance decomposition by linear mixed models (LMM), to estimate the contribution of Group and Time to the variance of each feature. Modified from PALMO::lmeVariance() function.

Group and Time are always included as random effects. The formula is extended automatically based on colData:

- Subject column present: adds (1|Subject) to model between-subject differences
- interaction = TRUE: adds (1|Group:Time) (or (1|Subject:Time) when Subject present) to capture interaction variance. Requires >= 2 replicates per combination. Default: FALSE.

Output always includes: Group, Time, Residual. Subject is included when present. All values are percentages of total variance.

Allow using original data or data normalised to time point 0.

Usage

```
decomp_variance(  
  se_obj,  
  features = NULL,  
  fixed_effect_var = NULL,  
  interaction = FALSE,  
  assay = c(1, 2),  
  core = 1  
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object created by create_input()
features	A vector of features to include. If NULL, all features.
fixed_effect_var	Column names to include as fixed effects (regressed out, not appearing as variance components). Default is NULL (no fixed effects). Set to "Batch" to regress out batch effects, or provide other columns (e.g., c("Sex", "Age")).
interaction	Logical. If TRUE, adds (1 Group:Time) (or (1 Subject:Time) when Subject present) to the model to capture interaction variance. Default: FALSE.
assay	1 for original data, or 2 for data normalised to time 0
core	Number of cores for parallel processing (default: 1)

Value

A data frame with variance decomposition results (percentages).

References

<https://github.com/aifimmunology/PALMO/blob/main/R/lmeVariance.R>

Examples

```
data("example")  
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)  
  
var_decomp <- decomp_variance(example_obj, assay = 1)  
plot_variance(var_decomp, rank = "Time", top_n = 20)
```

enrichGO_list

GO enrichment with gene sets

Description

Gene ontology enrichment analysis of multiple gene sets with clusterProfiler, allowing for using different or same background genes for each gene set

Usage

```

enrichGO_list(
  gene_list,
  keyType = "SYMBOL",
  OrgDb,
  universe = NULL,
  universe_list = NULL,
  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  qvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  category = NULL,
  simplify = FALSE,
  simplify_cutoff = 0.7,
  simplify_by = "p.adjust",
  simplify_select_fun = min,
  simplify_measure = "Wang",
  ...
)

```

Arguments

gene_list	A named list of gene vectors, or a data.frame with Feature and Module columns from WGCNA_module().
keyType	(Optional) Available options are AnnotationDbi::keytypes(OrgDb) (default is "SYMBOL")
OrgDb	Organism database, e.g. org.Hs.eg.db, org.Mm.eg.db
universe	Background genes for all input gene sets, used if universe_list is not provided
universe_list	Background genes for each input gene set, a list of gene vectors with the same names as gene_list
pAdjustMethod	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::enrichGO() (default is "BH")
pvalueCutoff	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::enrichGO() (default is 0.05)
qvalueCutoff	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::enrichGO() (default is 0.05)
category	(Optional) GO category to analyze (default is all three of BP, MF, CC)
simplify	(Optional) Whether to simplify the GO terms by removing redundant terms with clusterProfiler::simplify() function. (default is FALSE)
simplify_cutoff	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::simplify(), cutoff for similarity when simplifying GO terms (default is 0.7)
simplify_by	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::simplify(), method to choose representative term when simplifying GO terms (default is "p.adjust")
simplify_select_fun	(Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::simplify(), function to select representative term when simplifying GO terms (default is min)

```
simplify_measure
      (Optional) Parameter of clusterProfiler::simplify(), method to calculate
      similarity when simplifying GO terms (default is "Wang")
...
      additional arguments passed to clusterProfiler::enrichGO()
```

Value

A nested list of GO enrichment results with sublists: 'all' including all terms and 'simplified' including simplified terms (if `simplify = TRUE`), both containing further sublists for each GO category (BP, MF, CC).

Examples

```
library(magrittr)
library(org.Mm.eg.db)
library(clusterProfiler)
data(example_net)
# select two modules for demonstration
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net) %>%
  dplyr::filter(Module %in% c("1", "2"))
# set cutoff to 1 to show all results for demonstration
example_go_list = enrichGO_list(example_module, OrgDb = org.Mm.eg.db,
  universe = example_module$Feature,
  pvalueCutoff = 1, qvalueCutoff = 1,
  category = "BP", simplify = FALSE)
# plot_GO(example_go_list$all, plot_dotplot = TRUE,
#   plot_emapplot = FALSE, plot_cnetplot = FALSE)
```

enrichGO_rank	<i>GO enrichment with ranked gene list</i>
---------------	--

Description

Gene ontology enrichment analysis of a ranked gene list with clusterProfiler. Genes can be ranked by variance decomposition results.

Usage

```
enrichGO_rank(
  rank_table,
  gene_rank_by,
  OrgDb,
  keyType = "SYMBOL",
  go_rank_by = "p.adjust",
  category = NULL,
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

rank_table	A data frame with at least two columns: 'Feature' for gene names and one or more columns of variables for ranking the genes, e.g. output of <code>decomp_variance()</code> containing variance decomposition results
gene_rank_by	Variable in <code>rank_table</code> to rank the genes by, e.g. "Time", "Group" in the output of <code>decomp_variance()</code>
OrgDb	Organism database, e.g. <code>org.Hs.eg.db</code> , <code>org.Mm.eg.db</code>
keyType	(Optional) Available options are <code>AnnotationDbi::keytypes(OrgDb)</code> (default is "SYMBOL")
go_rank_by	(Optional) Variable in the GO enrichment result to rank the GO terms by (default is "p.adjust", other options include "pvalue", "qvalue", "NES", "setSize", "enrichmentScore", etc.)
category	(Optional) GO category to analyze (default is all three of BP, MF, CC)
pvalueCutoff	(Optional) Parameter of <code>clusterProfiler::gseGO()</code> (default is 0.05)
pAdjustMethod	(Optional) Parameter of <code>clusterProfiler::gseGO()</code> (default is "BH")
...	additional arguments passed to <code>clusterProfiler::gseGO()</code>

Value

A list of `gseaResult` objects containing the GSEA results

Examples

```
library(org.Mm.eg.db)
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

var_decomp <- decomp_variance(example_obj, assay = 1)
example_go_rank <- enrichGO_rank(var_decomp, gene_rank_by = "Time",
  OrgDb = org.Mm.eg.db, keyType = "SYMBOL", category = "BP")
enrichplot::gseaplot2(example_go_rank$BP, geneSetID = 1:2)
```

enrichR_list

Gene-set enrichment via enrichR

Description

Enrichment analysis of multiple gene sets against databases from `enrichR` (e.g. DSigDB for drug signatures, ChEA for TF targets, KEGG for pathways, DrugBank for drug targets).

Usage

```
enrichR_list(
  gene_list,
  databases = c("DSigDB", "DrugMatrix"),
  site = "Enrichr",
  universe = NULL,
  universe_list = NULL,
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  include_overlap = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gene_list	A named list of gene vectors, or a data.frame with Feature and Module columns from WGCNA_module(). Gene identifiers must match the convention of the chosen site (e.g. human gene symbols for Enrichr, fly symbols for FlyEnrichr).
databases	Character vector of enrichR database names to query. Available databases can be checked with enrichR::listEnrichrDbs(). (default: c("DSigDB", "DrugMatrix"))
site	enrichR site to query. See enrichR::listEnrichrSites(). (default: "Enrichr")
universe	Background genes for all input gene sets, used if universe_list is not provided.
universe_list	Background genes for each input gene set, a list of gene vectors with the same names as gene_list.
pvalueCutoff	Adjusted p-value cutoff for filtering enriched terms (default: 0.05)
include_overlap	Parameter passed to enrichR::enrichr(). If TRUE, databases are downloaded during each query to output 'Overlap' when analysing with a background. (default: FALSE)

Details

Multiple testing: P-values are adjusted (Benjamini–Hochberg) independently for each module within each database. No correction is applied across databases or across modules.

Requires an internet connection.

Value

A named list of data.frames, one per database. Each data.frame has columns Cluster, Description, p.adjust (Adjusted.P.value from enrichR output), Combined.Score, Genes, and any additional columns returned by the enrichR API. Compatible with plot_modules_h(enrich_list = result, enrich_category = "DSigDB").

Examples

```
data(example_net)
library(dplyr)
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net) %>%
```

```
dplyr::filter(Module %in% c("1", "2"))
# Use high pvalueCutoff for demonstration
# enrichr_out <- enrichR_list(example_module,
#   databases = c("KEGG_2019_Mouse"),
#   universe = example_module$Feature, pvalueCutoff = 0.5)
```

example_net	run_WGCNA() <i>output object for runnable examples</i>
-------------	--

Description

Code for producing the data is available in run_WGCNA() examples

Usage

```
data(example_net)
```

Format

A list including WGCNA module assignments, module eigengenes, dendrogram, input data, sample information, and parameters used

Source

GSE263759

example_obj	<i>SummarizedExperiment object for runnable examples</i>
-------------	--

Description

A subset of data_obj <- create_input(data = tutorial_data, sample_ann = tutorial_sample_info) for use in runnable examples in function documentation.

Usage

```
data(example)
```

Format

A SummarizedExperiment object with assays of 100 rows and 40 columns, colData of 40 rows and 5 columns:

colData tutorial_sample_info

assays tutorial_data first 100 rows, "Feature" column as rownames

Details

Code for preparing the data is available in data-raw/tutorial_input.R

Source

GSE263759

example_res_list	run_Trendy output object for runnable examples
------------------	--

Description

Code for preparing the data is available in run_Trendy() examples

Usage

```
data(example_res_list)
```

Format

A nested list, each element is a list with Trendy results for one group

Source

GSE263759

extract_segment_trends	<i>Extract feature trends</i>
------------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Extract features with different segment trends from trendy segmented regression results summary

Usage

```
extract_segment_trends(trendy.summary)
```

Arguments

trendy.summary A data frame, output of summarise_Trendy(), containing the segmented regression results for all features in all groups.

Value

A nested list of features grouped by their segment trend patterns within each group.

Examples

```

data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged_list <- calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list,
  threshold = 0)
# no missing value in the example dataset, so imputation is not necessary
example_obj_merged_imp_list <- impute_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

# "untreated" group has only 3 time points, so Trendy analysis will not
# be performed for this group
# example_res_list <- run_Trendy(example_obj_merged_imp_list, maxK = 1,
#   minNumInSeg = 2, meanCut = 0)
data("example_res_list")

plot_segments(example_obj_merged_imp_list, example_res_list,
  feature = c("Mctp1"))
plot_breakpoints(example_res_list)
trendy_summary <- summarise_Trendy(example_res_list)
trendy_list <- extract_segment_trends(trendy_summary)

```

get_custom_palette *Get custom color palette*

Description

Get the custom color palette set by set_custom_palette. If no custom palette has been set, the function will return a default color palette based on the number of groups specified in the groups argument.

Usage

```
get_custom_palette(groups)
```

Arguments

groups A character vector of group names for which to retrieve the colors from the custom palette.

Value

A named vector of colors corresponding to the specified group names.

Examples

```
get_custom_palette(c("untreated", "IFNbeta"))
```

`group_specific_features`*Group specific features*

Description

Identify features that are unique to selected groups (present in those groups but not in any others) and annotate them with gene names using the `clusterProfiler::bitr()` function. The function also provides an option to perform Gene Ontology (GO) enrichment analysis on the identified unique features using the `enrichGO_list()` function and visualize the results with a dot plot.

Usage

```
group_specific_features(  
  property_random_fc,  
  groups = NULL,  
  filter_ratio = 0.5,  
  group_pct = 1,  
  genename = TRUE,  
  GO = TRUE,  
  OrgDb = NULL,  
  keytype = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <code>property_random_fc</code> | A data frame containing the results of the <code>calc_feature_property()</code> function, which includes the feature names, group names, and the proportion of expressed values for each feature in each group. The data frame should have at least the following columns: "Feature", "Group", "Exp_ratio" and "Exp_threshold". |
| <code>groups</code> | A character vector of group names to be compared. If NULL, all groups in the input data will be used (default is NULL). |
| <code>filter_ratio</code> | A numeric value between 0 and 1 specifying the minimum proportion of expressed time points (minimum <code>Exp_ratio</code>) for a feature to be considered present (default is 0.5, meaning that a feature must have $\geq 50\%$ values $>$ threshold in a group (≥ 0.5 <code>Exp_ratio</code>) to be considered present in that group). |
| <code>group_pct</code> | A numeric value between 0 and 1 specifying the percentage of groups in which a feature must be present. (default is 1, meaning that a feature must be present in all specified groups). |
| <code>genename</code> | A logical value indicating whether to output a table of gene names. If TRUE, the function will use the <code>clusterProfiler::bitr()</code> function to annotate the features with gene names based on the specified <code>OrgDb</code> and <code>keytype</code> . (default is TRUE). |

GO	A logical value indicating whether to perform Gene Ontology (GO) enrichment analysis on the identified unique features. If TRUE, the function will use the <code>enrichGO_list()</code> function to perform GO enrichment analysis and visualize the results with a dot plot. (default is TRUE).
OrgDb	An <code>OrgDb</code> object from the <code>AnnotationDbi</code> package corresponding to the organism of interest (e.g., <code>org.Hs.eg.db</code> for human, <code>org.Mm.eg.db</code> for mouse). This will be used for gene annotation with the <code>clusterProfiler::bitr()</code> function.
keytype	A character string specifying the type of gene identifiers used in the row names of the assay data (e.g., "SYMBOL", "ENTREZID", "ENSEMBL"). This will be used for gene annotation with the <code>clusterProfiler::bitr()</code> function. Available key types depend on the <code>OrgDb</code> database and can be checked with the <code>AnnotationDbi::keytypes</code> function.
...	Additional arguments to be passed to the <code>enrichGO_list()</code> function for GO enrichment analysis (e.g., <code>pvalueCutoff</code> , <code>qvalueCutoff</code> , etc.).

Value

A character vector of features that are identified as unique to the specified groups based on the filtering criteria. If `genename` is TRUE, a table of gene names corresponding to the unique features will be printed. If `GO` is TRUE, a dot plot of GO enrichment results for the unique features will be printed.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)

example_obj_merged_list <-
  calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list, threshold = 0)
property_random_fc <- summarise_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list)

group_specific_features(property_random_fc, groups = c("untreated"),
  genename = FALSE, GO = FALSE)
```

impute_groups

Impute missing values

Description

Impute missing values for each group of samples in a list of `SummarizedExperiment` objects. By default, replaces NA with the minimum non-NA value per group / subject. A custom function can be supplied for other strategies.

The input samples can contain replicates, or merged replicates (mean of replicates).

Usage

```
impute_groups(se_obj_list, fun = min, impute_by = c("group", "subject"))
```

Arguments

se_obj_list A list of SummarizedExperiment objects, created by `split_groups()` or `merge_replicates()`, each corresponds to one group of samples.

fun Function applied to the non-NA values to generate the replacement value. Default: `min`. Use `function(x) min(x) / 2` for half-minimum, `median` for median imputation, etc.

impute_by "group" (default): compute replacement value from all non-NA values in the group. "subject": compute per-subject replacement value (requires Subject column). If a subject is all NA, fall back to group-level replacement.

Value

A list of SummarizedExperiment objects with missing values imputed. Each object corresponds to one group of samples.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged_imp_list <- impute_groups(example_obj_merged_list)
```

merge_groups

Merge groups into one object

Description

Merge SummarizedExperiment object of different groups into one

Usage

```
merge_groups(se_obj_list)
```

Arguments

se_obj_list A list of SummarizedExperiment objects, such as output of `split_groups()` and `merge_replicates()`. Names of the list components are the group names.

Value

A SummarizedExperiment object containing all samples from the input list. The 'Group' column in the `colData` will indicate the group of each sample. New sample names will be prefixed with the group name.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)
```

merge_replicates	<i>Merge replicates</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Calculate mean of replicates for each feature at each time point for each group.

When a Subject column is present, merging is done in two stages:

1. Average replicates within each Group-Subject-Time combination.
2. Average across subjects within each Group-Time combination. This gives equal weight to each subject regardless of replicate count.

Without a Subject column, all samples at the same Group-Time are averaged together in a single step.

Usage

```
merge_replicates(se_obj_list)
```

Arguments

`se_obj_list` A list of SummarizedExperiment objects created by `split_groups()`, each corresponds to one group of samples.

Value

A list of SummarizedExperiment objects containing the mean of replicates for each feature at each time point for each group. Each object in the list corresponds to one group of samples.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)
```

normalise_to_start *Normalise to time 0*

Description

Normalise to starting time point, to make the mean of starting time point samples 0.

Two modes are available:

- `by_subject = FALSE` (default): computes the group-level mean at the first non-NA time point per feature and subtracts it. All samples within a group share the same baseline.
- `by_subject = TRUE`: computes each subject's value at the first non-NA time point per feature and subtracts that subject-specific baseline. Removes between-subject baseline differences. Use when each subject has their own initial condition. Requires a Subject column in `colData`.

Usage

```
normalise_to_start(se_obj, by_subject = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`se_obj` A SummarizedExperiment object created by `create_input()`

`by_subject` If FALSE (default), use group-level baseline. If TRUE, use subject-level baseline (requires Subject column in `colData`).

Value

A SummarizedExperiment object with normalised data in the second assay slot.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)
```

plot_breakpoints *Plot breakpoint distribution*

Description

Plot breakpoint distribution among time points for each group

Usage

```
plot_breakpoints(res_list, group = NULL, fontsize = 8, ...)
```

Arguments

res_list	A list of the Trendy analysis results, output of run_Trendy()
group	(Optional) A character vector of group names to be plotted. If NULL, all groups in the input list will be used (default is NULL)
fontsize	(Optional) Font size for the plot (default is 8)
...	Additional arguments to be passed to Trendy::topTrendy()

Value

A plot showing the distribution of breakpoints over time for each specified group

Examples

```
data("example_res_list")
plot_breakpoints(example_res_list)
```

plot_cor_matrix	<i>Plot correlation matrix</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Plot correlation matrix between samples as a heatmap

Usage

```
plot_cor_matrix(
  se_obj,
  use = "pairwise.complete.obs",
  method = c("spearman", "pearson", "kendall"),
  label_group = TRUE,
  label_time = TRUE,
  label_rep = TRUE,
  label_batch = TRUE,
  show_rownames = FALSE,
  show_colnames = FALSE,
  fontsize = 8,
  cellwidth = 1,
  cellheight = 1,
  title = "Correlation between samples",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object created by create_input()
use	Parameter of stats::cor() (default is "pairwise.complete.obs")
method	Parameter of stats::cor() (default is "spearman")
label_group	Whether to label Group (default is TRUE)
label_time	Whether to label Time (default is TRUE)
label_rep	Whether to label Replicate (default is TRUE)
label_batch	Whether to label Batch (default is TRUE)
show_rownames	Whether to show row names in the heatmap (default is FALSE)
show_colnames	Whether to show column names in the heatmap (default is FALSE)
fontsize	Font size for the heatmap and annotations (default is 8)
cellwidth	Cell width for the heatmap (default is 1)
cellheight	Cell height for the heatmap (default is 1)
title	Title of the heatmap (default is "Correlation between samples")
...	Additional arguments to be passed to ComplexHeatmap::Heatmap()

Value

A heatmap showing the correlation between samples.

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_cor_matrix(example_obj)
```

plot_cv	<i>Plot coefficient of variation (CV)</i>
---------	---

Description

Plot the distribution of coefficient of variation (CV) for each feature with replicates. The CV is calculated as the standard deviation divided by the mean of the abundance values.

Note: CV is only meaningful for positive-valued data.

Usage

```
plot_cv(se_obj, fontsize = 8)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object, produced by create_input() function, containing the abundance data and associated sample information.
fontsize	(Optional) An integer specifying the font size for the plot (default is 8).

Value

A plot showing the distribution of coefficient of variation (CV) for each feature, grouped by Time and Group. If there are no replicates, a message will be printed indicating that CV cannot be calculated.

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_cv(example_obj)
```

```
plot_DE_between_time  DE number between time points
```

Description

Plot the number of differentially expressed features between time points within each group with heatmaps

Usage

```
plot_DE_between_time(
  se_obj,
  de_list,
  value = TRUE,
  fontsize = 8,
  nrow = 1,
  heatmap_width = 4,
  heatmap_unit = "cm"
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object containing the data and metadata, with a "Time" column in the colData indicating the time points of the samples
de_list	Output of DE_between_time(), a nested list of DE results for each group and time point comparison
value	Whether to display the actual number of DE features in each heatmap cell (default is TRUE)
fontsize	Font size for the heatmap displaying the number of DE features between time points (default is 8)
nrow	Number of rows for arranging the heatmaps (default is 1)
heatmap_width	Width of each heatmap (default is 4)
heatmap_unit	Unit for the heatmap width (default is "cm")

Value

One heatmap per group showing the number of DE features between time points for each group, with the same scale across groups for easy comparison. The heatmap cells are annotated with the actual number of DE features.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

DE_between_time_out <- DE_between_time(example_obj, assay = 1)
plot_DE_between_time(example_obj,
  de_list = DE_between_time_out$de_list,
  fontsize = 8, value = TRUE, nrow = 1, heatmap_width = 3)
```

plot_distribution *Abundance distribution plot*

Description

This function generates density plots to visualise the distribution of abundance values across samples. The user can choose to facet the plot by "Group", "Time", or "Sample" to compare distributions across different conditions or samples. If no faceting variable is specified, a single density plot will be generated for all samples combined.

Usage

```
plot_distribution(se_obj, facet_by = NULL, fontsize = 8)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object, produced by create_input() function, containing the abundance data and associated sample information.
facet_by	(Optional) A character string specifying the variable to facet the plot by. It can be one of "Group", "Time", or "Sample". If NULL, no faceting will be applied and a single density plot will be generated for all samples (default is NULL).
fontsize	(Optional) An integer specifying the font size for the plot (default is 8).

Value

A plot showing the density distribution of abundance values, optionally faceted by the specified variable.

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_distribution(example_obj)
plot_distribution(example_obj, facet_by = "Group")
```

plot_GO

*Plot GO enrichment***Description**

Visualization of GO enrichment analysis with dotplot, cnetplot, or emapplot in clusterProfiler

Usage

```
plot_GO(
  go_list,
  plot_dotplot = FALSE,
  plot_cnetplot = FALSE,
  plot_emapplot = FALSE,
  showCategory_dotplot = 5,
  showCategory_cnetplot = 5,
  showCategory_emapplot = 5,
  fontsize = 8,
  label = "features",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

go_list	A list of enriched GO results, output from enrichGO_list()
plot_dotplot	Whether to plot dotplot (default is TRUE)
plot_cnetplot	Whether to plot cnetplot (default is FALSE)
plot_emapplot	Whether to plot emapplot (default is FALSE)
showCategory_dotplot	showCategory parameter of clusterProfiler::dotplot() (default is 5)
showCategory_cnetplot	showCategory parameter of clusterProfiler::cnetplot() (default is 5)
showCategory_emapplot	showCategory parameter of clusterProfiler::emapplot() (default is 5)
fontsize	Font size for the plots (default is 8)
label	Title for the plots (default is "genes")
...	Additional parameters to pass to the plotting functions clusterProfiler::dotplot(), clusterProfiler::cnetplot(), or clusterProfiler::emapplot()

Value

A series of plots visualizing the GO enrichment results.

Examples

```

library(magrittr)
library(org.Mm.eg.db)
data(example_net)
# select two modules for demonstration
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net) %>%
  dplyr::filter(Module %in% c("1", "2"))
# set cutoff to 1 to show all results for demonstration
example_go_list = enrichGO_list(example_module, OrgDb = org.Mm.eg.db,
  universe = example_module$Feature,
  pvalueCutoff = 1, qvalueCutoff = 1,
  category = "BP", simplify = FALSE)
plot_GO(example_go_list$all, plot_dotplot = TRUE,
  plot_emapplot = FALSE, plot_cnetplot = FALSE)

```

plot_ID	<i>Plot number of identified features</i>
---------	---

Description

Plot the number of identified features (i.e., features with non-missing values) for each sample, with a dashed line indicating the average number across all samples.

Usage

```
plot_ID(se_obj, fontsize = 8, signif = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object, produced by create_input() function, containing the abundance data and associated sample information.
fontsize	(Optional) An integer specifying the font size for the plot (default is 8).
signif	(Optional) A logical value indicating whether to perform significance testing between groups and add significance annotations to the plot (default is FALSE).
...	Additional arguments to be passed to ggsignif::geom_signif() function when signif is TRUE, for customizing the significance annotations.

Value

A plot showing the ID number for each sample, with a dashed line indicating the average number across all samples.

Examples

```
# simulate data with random missing values
na_data <- matrix(rnorm(1000), nrow = 100, ncol = 100)
na_data[sample(length(na_data), size = 1000)] <- NA
na_data <- data.frame(Feature = paste0("Feature", 1:100), na_data)
colnames(na_data)[-1] <- paste0("Sample", 1:100)

na_obj <- create_input(na_data,
  data.frame(Sample = paste0("Sample", 1:100),
    Time = rep(rep(1:10, each = 5), 2),
    Group = rep(c("A", "B"), each = 50),
    Replicate = rep(1:5, 20)))
plot_ID(na_obj)
plot_missing(na_obj)
```

plot_missing

Plot missing rate

Description

Plot the ratio of missing values for each sample, with a dashed line indicating the global missing value rate across all samples.

Usage

```
plot_missing(se_obj, fontsize = 8, signif = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object, produced by create_input() function, containing the abundance data and associated sample information.
fontsize	(Optional) An integer specifying the font size for the plot (default is 8).
signif	(Optional) A logical value indicating whether to perform significance testing between groups and add significance annotations to the plot (default is FALSE).
...	Additional arguments to be passed to ggsignif::geom_signif() function when signif is TRUE, for customizing the significance annotations.

Value

A plot showing the missing value rate for each sample, with a dashed line indicating the global missing value rate across all samples.

Examples

```
# simulate data with random missing values
na_data <- matrix(rnorm(1000), nrow = 100, ncol = 100)
na_data[sample(length(na_data), size = 1000)] <- NA
na_data <- data.frame(Feature = paste0("Feature", 1:100), na_data)
colnames(na_data)[-1] <- paste0("Sample", 1:100)

na_obj <- create_input(na_data,
  data.frame(Sample = paste0("Sample", 1:100),
    Time = rep(rep(1:10, each = 5), 2),
    Group = rep(c("A", "B"), each = 50),
    Replicate = rep(1:5, 20)))
plot_ID(na_obj)
plot_missing(na_obj)
```

plot_modules_h

Plot modules (horizontal layout)

Description

Plot WGCNA modules' heatmaps, mean expression profiles, and enrichment terms, aligned horizontally.

Different from running WGCNA, the input data should have the replicates merged, instead of having multiple samples per group, time and feature (gene).

If certain time points are missing in some groups, NA values are added.

Usage

```
plot_modules_h(
  module,
  se_obj_merged,
  scale = TRUE,
  assay = 2,
  ylabel = "Log2 abundance",
  suffix = "",
  device = "png",
  save = NULL,
  profile_width = 3,
  profile_link_width = 1,
  enrich_list = NULL,
  enrich_category = "BP",
  enrich_rank_by = "p.adjust",
  enrich_top_n = 3,
  fontsize = 8,
  heatmap_width = 8,
  heatmap_height = 8,
  width = 16,
```

```

    height = 12,
    res = 300
  )

```

Arguments

module	A data frame with columns "Feature" and "Module"
se_obj_merged	A SummarizedExperiment object, with one value for each feature at each time point in each group (replicates merged). The colData of the object should contain columns "Sample", "Group", and "Time". The object can be produced by split_groups(), merge_replicates() and merge_groups().
scale	Whether to scale the data (z-score) across samples for each feature (default is TRUE)
assay	The assay index in the SummarizedExperiment object to use (default is 2, time 0 normalised data)
ylabel	Y axis label prefix (default is "Abundance")
suffix	Suffix for the saved image file name (default is an empty string)
device	Image file format(s) for saving. Can be a character vector with one or more of "png", "pdf", "tiff", "jpeg" (default: "png")
save	Directory to save the plot, no saving if is NULL (default is NULL)
profile_width	Width of the mean expression profile plot (default is 3 (cm))
profile_link_width	Width of the link in cm between heatmap and mean expression profile plot (default is 1)
enrich_list	A named list of enrichment results for WGCNA modules, as produced by enrichGO_list()\$all. Each named element should be a data.frame with columns Cluster, Description, and the rank column. If NULL (default), no enrichment terms will be displayed.
enrich_category	Name of the enrichment category to display (default is "BP").
enrich_rank_by	Column name to rank enrichment terms by (default is "p.adjust").
enrich_top_n	Number of top enrichment terms to display per module (default is 3)
fontsize	Font size (default is 8)
heatmap_width	Width of the heatmap body in cm (default is 8)
heatmap_height	Height of the heatmap body in cm (default is 8)
width	Width of the saved image (default is 16 (cm))
height	Height of the saved image (default is 12 (cm))
res	Resolution of the saved image (except pdf format) (default is 300 (ppi))

Value

A combined plot of heatmap, mean expression profile, and enrichment terms for each WGCNA module

References

<https://github.com/junjunlab/ClusterGVis>

Examples

```
library(magrittr)
library(org.Mm.eg.db)

data(example)
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

data(example_net)
# select two modules for demonstration
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net) %>%
  dplyr::filter(Module %in% c("1", "2"))
# set cutoff to 1 to show all results for demonstration
example_go_list = enrichGO_list(example_module, OrgDb = org.Mm.eg.db,
  universe = example_module$Feature,
  pvalueCutoff = 1, qvalueCutoff = 1,
  category = "BP", simplify = FALSE)
# plot_GO(example_go_list$all, plot_dotplot = TRUE,
#   plot_emapplot = FALSE, plot_cnetplot = FALSE)

plot_modules_h(example_module %>% dplyr::filter(Module != '0'),
  example_obj_merged, scale = TRUE,
  ylabel = "Z-score of log2 expression",
  enrich_list = example_go_list$all, enrich_category = "BP",
  heatmap_width = 6, heatmap_height = 4)
```

plot_modules_v

Plot modules (vertical layout)

Description

Plot WGCNA modules' mean expression profiles and heatmaps, align vertically.

Different from running WGCNA, the input data should have the replicates merged, instead of having multiple samples per group, time and feature (gene).

If certain time points are missing in some groups, NA values are added.

Usage

```
plot_modules_v(
  module,
  se_obj_merged,
  scale = TRUE,
```

```

    assay = 2,
    ylabel = "Log2 abundance normalised to Time 0",
    suffix = "",
    device = "png",
    save = NULL,
    width = 12,
    height = 8,
    height_ratio = 2,
    fontsize = 8,
    res = 300
  )

```

Arguments

module	A data frame with columns "Feature" and "Module"
se_obj_merged	A SummarizedExperiment object, with one value for each feature at each time point in each group (replicates merged). The colData of the object should contain columns "Sample", "Group", and "Time". The object can be produced by <code>split_groups()</code> , <code>merge_replicates()</code> and <code>merge_groups()</code> .
scale	Whether to scale the data (z-score) across samples for each feature (default is TRUE)
assay	The assay index in the SummarizedExperiment object to use (default is 2, time 0 normalised data)
ylabel	Y axis label prefix (default is "Abundance")
suffix	Suffix for the saved image file name (default is an empty string)
device	Image file format(s) for saving. Can be a character vector, e.g. <code>c("png", "pdf")</code> , to save in multiple formats (default: "png").
save	Directory to save the plot, no saving if is NULL (default is NULL)
width	Width of the saved image (default is 12 (cm))
height	Height of the saved image (default is 8 (cm))
height_ratio	Ratio of height of heatmap to the line plot (default is 2)
fontsize	Font size (default is 8)
res	Resolution of the saved image (except pdf format) (default is 300 (ppi))

Value

Two plots aligned vertically by groups: the top one is a line plot of module feature mean expression profiles, the bottom one is a heatmap of feature expression across time points.

Examples

```

library(magrittr)
data(example)
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)

```

```

example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

data(example_net)
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net)

plot_modules_v(example_module %>% dplyr::filter(Module != '0'),
  example_obj_merged, scale = TRUE,
  ylabel = "Z-score of log2 (expression)",
  height_ratio = 2,
  fontsize = 6)

```

plot_pca

Plot PCA

Description

Plot principal component analysis (PCA), using features without missing values

The samples are coloured by Group and sized by Time. Ellipses are drawn for each Group.

Usage

```

plot_pca(
  se_obj,
  plot = TRUE,
  plot_screepplot = TRUE,
  plot_loadings = TRUE,
  plot_morepc = TRUE,
  morepc = seq(1, 5),
  pc1 = 1,
  pc2 = 2,
  circle = FALSE,
  xlim_min = NULL,
  xlim_max = NULL,
  ylim_min = NULL,
  ylim_max = NULL,
  fontsize = 8,
  assay = 1
)

```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object created by create_input()
plot	Logical, whether to plot PCA and other plots (default is TRUE)
plot_screepplot	Logical, whether to plot screepplot with PCAtools::screepplot() (default is TRUE)
plot_loadings	Logical, whether to plot loadings with PCAtools::plotloadings() (default is TRUE)

plot_morepc	Logical, whether to plot pairs of more PCs with PCAtools::pairsplot() (default is TRUE)
morepc	A numeric vector of PCs to plot in the pairs plot (default is 1:5)
pc1	Numeric, which PC to use for the x-axis (default is 1)
pc2	Numeric, which PC to use for the y-axis (default is 2)
circle	Logical, whether to draw circles (ellipses) around samples of each group (default is FALSE)
xlim_min	Minimum x-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*min PC1)
xlim_max	Maximum x-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*max PC1)
ylim_min	Minimum y-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*min PC2)
ylim_max	Maximum y-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*max PC2)
fontsize	Font size for the PCA plot (default is 8)
assay	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default is 1)

Value

A PCA plot showing the distribution of samples, other plots provided by PCAtools package, and PCAtools output object for custom plotting.

Examples

```
data("example")
PC = plot_pca(example_obj, morepc = seq(1, 3))
```

plot_pca_3D	<i>Plot PCA in 3D</i>
-------------	-----------------------

Description

Plot principal component analysis (PCA) results in 3D. This function takes the output PCA object of the plot_pca function and visualizes the samples in a 3D space defined by the specified principal components.

The samples are coloured by Group and sized by Time.

Usage

```
plot_pca_3D(pca, pcs = seq(1, 3))
```

Arguments

pca	A PCA object returned by the plot_pca() function.
pcs	A numeric vector specifying which three principal components to plot (default is 1:3)

Value

An interactive 3D PCA plot showing the distribution of samples in the space defined by the specified principal components. The samples are coloured by Group and sized by Time.

Examples

```
data("example")
PC = plot_pca(example_obj, morepc = seq(1, 3))
plot_pca_3D(PC, pcs = seq(1, 3))
```

plot_pca_arrows	<i>Plot PCA with arrows</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------

Description

Plot PCA with arrows indicating trajectory over time, for a single group.

Usage

```
plot_pca_arrows(  
  se_obj,  
  circle = TRUE,  
  arrow = TRUE,  
  pc1 = 1,  
  pc2 = 2,  
  fontsize = 8,  
  assay = 1  
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object (single group).
circle	Logical, whether to draw ellipses around samples of each time point (default: TRUE).
arrow	Logical, whether to draw arrows indicating the trajectory over time (default: TRUE).
pc1	Principal component for the x-axis (default: 1).
pc2	Principal component for the y-axis (default: 2).
fontsize	Base font size (default: 8).
assay	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default: 1).

Value

A PCA plot coloured by Time, with optional ellipses and trajectory arrows.

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_pca_arrows(example_obj[, example_obj$Group == "IFNbeta"])
```

plot_pca_by_group *Plot PCA by group*

Description

Plot PCA for each group separately, with optional circles around time points and arrows indicating trajectory over time. Accepts either a SummarizedExperiment object or a list of them (from `split_groups()`).

Usage

```
plot_pca_by_group(
  se_obj,
  circle = TRUE,
  arrow = TRUE,
  pc1 = 1,
  pc2 = 2,
  nrow = 1,
  fontsize = 8,
  assay = 1,
  legend_pos = "right"
)
```

Arguments

<code>se_obj</code>	A SummarizedExperiment object, or a named list of them (e.g. from <code>split_groups()</code>).
<code>circle</code>	Logical, whether to draw ellipses around samples of each time point (default: TRUE).
<code>arrow</code>	Logical, whether to draw arrows indicating the trajectory over time (default: TRUE).
<code>pc1</code>	Principal component for the x-axis (default: 1).
<code>pc2</code>	Principal component for the y-axis (default: 2).
<code>nrow</code>	Number of rows for arranging the plots (default: 1).
<code>fontsize</code>	Base font size (default: 8).
<code>assay</code>	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default: 1).
<code>legend_pos</code>	Legend position (default: "right").

Value

A series of PCA plots showing the distribution of samples in each group, coloured by Time.

Examples

```

data("example")
plot_pca_by_group(example_obj, circle = TRUE, arrow = TRUE)

# Also accepts a list from split_groups()
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
plot_pca_by_group(example_obj_list)

```

plot_segments	<i>Plot segmented regression</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

Description

Plot segmented regression results for specified features in each group, using the `Trendy::plotFeature()` function. The input is a list of `SummarizedExperiment` objects with no missing values and a list of Trendy analysis results for each group.

Usage

```

plot_segments(
  se_obj_imp_list,
  res_list,
  feature,
  group = NULL,
  nrow = NULL,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

<code>se_obj_imp_list</code>	A list of <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> objects with no missing values
<code>res_list</code>	A list of the Trendy analysis results, output of <code>run_Trendy()</code>
<code>feature</code>	A character vector of feature names to be plotted
<code>group</code>	A character vector of group names to be analysed. If <code>NULL</code> , all groups in the input list will be used (default is <code>NULL</code>)
<code>nrow</code>	Number of rows in the plot layout. If <code>NULL</code> and multiple features are provided, it will be set to half the number of features (rounded up) (default is <code>NULL</code>)
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to be passed to the <code>Trendy::plotFeature()</code>

Value

Plots of the segmented regression fits for the specified features in each group.

Examples

```

data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged_list <-
  calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list, threshold = 0)
# no missing value in the example dataset, so imputation is not necessary
example_obj_merged_imp_list <- impute_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

data("example_res_list")
plot_segments(example_obj_merged_imp_list, example_res_list,
  feature = c("Mctp1"))

```

plot_trend

Plot feature abundance over time

Description

Plot trend of feature abundances / expression over time by mean and standard deviation (SD) for each group. Accepts either a SummarizedExperiment object (computing mean/SD internally via `calc_mean_sd()`) or a pre-computed table from `calc_mean_sd()`.

Usage

```

plot_trend(
  se_obj,
  assay = 1,
  groups = NULL,
  features,
  title = "Feature",
  ylab = "Abundance",
  errorbar = TRUE,
  fontsize = 8
)

```

Arguments

<code>se_obj</code>	A SummarizedExperiment object, or a data.frame from <code>calc_mean_sd()</code> with columns: Feature, Time, Group, Mean, SD.
<code>assay</code>	Assay index when <code>se_obj</code> is a SummarizedExperiment (default: 1 = original, 2 = time-0 normalised).
<code>groups</code>	Groups to be plotted, if NULL, all groups will be used (default is NULL)
<code>features</code>	Features to be plotted, if NULL, an error will be raised
<code>title</code>	Title of the plot (default is "Feature")
<code>ylab</code>	Y axis label of the plot (default is "Abundance")
<code>errorbar</code>	Whether to plot error bars (default is TRUE)
<code>fontsize</code>	Font size for the plot (default is 8)

Value

Plot of feature abundances over time by mean and SD

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_trend(example_obj,
  features = sample(rownames(example_obj), 4))
```

plot_umap

Plot UMAP

Description

Plot UMAP of samples, using features without missing values

The UMAP plots are labelled by Group, Time, Replicate (if more than 1), Batch (if more than 1), and number of identified features (non-missing values).

Usage

```
plot_umap(
  se_obj,
  seed = 1234,
  plot = TRUE,
  plot_ID = FALSE,
  circle = FALSE,
  xlim_min = NULL,
  xlim_max = NULL,
  ylim_min = NULL,
  ylim_max = NULL,
  umap_neighbors = NULL,
  fontsize = 8,
  assay = 1
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object created by create_input()
seed	Random seed for UMAP (default is 1234)
plot	Whether to plot the figures (default is TRUE)
plot_ID	Whether to include a UMAP plot coloured by number of identified features (default is FALSE)
circle	Logical, whether to draw circles (ellipses) around samples of each group (default is FALSE)
xlim_min	Minimum x-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*min UMAP x)

xlim_max	Maximum x-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*max UMAP x)
ylim_min	Minimum y-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*min UMAP y)
ylim_max	Maximum y-axis limit when drawing ellipses (default 1.5*max UMAP y)
umap_neighbors	UMAP n_neighbors parameter (default is selected by .umap_n_neighbors() function based on the number of samples)
fontsize	Font size for the plot (default is 8)
assay	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default is 1)

Value

A UMAP plot showing the distribution of samples. And a data frame containing UMAP coordinates and sample annotations for custom plotting.

Examples

```
data("example")
umap_layout <- plot_umap(example_obj)
```

plot_umap_by_group *Plot UMAP by group*

Description

Plot UMAP for each group separately. Accepts either a SummarizedExperiment object or a named list of them (from split_groups()).

Usage

```
plot_umap_by_group(
  se_obj,
  seed = 1234,
  nrow = 1,
  umap_neighbors = NULL,
  fontsize = 8,
  assay = 1,
  legend_pos = "right"
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object, or a named list of them (e.g. from split_groups()).
seed	Random seed for UMAP (default: 1234).
nrow	Number of rows for arranging the plots (default: 1).
umap_neighbors	UMAP n_neighbors parameter (default: auto-selected based on sample count).

fontsize	Base font size (default: 8).
assay	Assay index to use, where 1 is the original data and 2 is normalised to time 0 (if available) (default: 1).
legend_pos	Legend position (default: "right").

Value

A series of UMAP plots showing the distribution of samples in each group, coloured by Time.

Examples

```
data("example")
plot_umap_by_group(example_obj)

# Also accepts a list from split_groups()
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
plot_umap_by_group(example_obj_list)
```

plot_variance	<i>Plot variance decomposition</i>
---------------	------------------------------------

Description

Based on `PALMO::variancefeaturePlot()` function

Usage

```
plot_variance(
  var_decomp,
  rank = "Group",
  features = NULL,
  top_n = 20,
  show_ylab = TRUE,
  fontsize = 8
)
```

Arguments

var_decomp	A data frame output from <code>decomp_variance()</code>
rank	Rank the plot by selected variable (default is "Group")
features	Features to be plotted (default is NULL)
top_n	Top n features ranked by rank to be plotted when features is not specified (default is 20)
show_ylab	Whether to show y axis text (default is TRUE)
fontsize	Font size for the plot (default is 8)

Value

A stacked bar plot showing the percentage of variance explained by each model component (Group, Time, Residual, plus Subject and interaction terms when present). Features are ranked by the specified rank variable (Group or Time) and only the top n features are plotted if features is not specified.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

var_decomp <- decomp_variance(example_obj, assay = 1)
plot_variance(var_decomp, rank = "Time", top_n = 20)
```

plot_volcano

Volcano plot of DE results

Description

This function creates a volcano plot to visualize the results of differential expression (DE) analysis performed by `DE_between_group()` or `DE_between_time()`. The plot displays log₂ fold change on the x-axis and -log₁₀ adjusted p-value on the y-axis, with DE features highlighted based on specified thresholds. If no thresholds are provided, the function will use the thresholds that were applied when running `DE_between_group()` or `DE_between_time()`.

Usage

```
plot_volcano(
  DE_out,
  group1,
  group2,
  time,
  group,
  time1,
  time2,
  logFC_thres = NULL,
  adjP_thres = NULL,
  label = FALSE,
  fontsize = 8,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

DE_out	Output from <code>DE_between_group()</code> or <code>DE_between_time()</code>
group1	(Required for <code>DE_between_group()</code> output) Name of the first group for comparison

group2	(Required for DE_between_group() output) Name of the second group for comparison
time	(Required for DE_between_group() output) Time point for comparison
group	(Required for DE_between_time() output) Name of the group for comparison
time1	(Required for DE_between_time() output) First time point for comparison
time2	(Required for DE_between_time() output) Second time point for comparison
logFC_thres	(Optional) Log2 fold change threshold for highlighting DE features, default is NULL (using threshold when DE_between_group() or DE_between_time() was run)
adjP_thres	(Optional) Adjusted p-value threshold for highlighting DE features, default is NULL (using threshold when DE_between_group() or DE_between_time() was run)
label	(Optional) Whether to label names of DE features on the plot (default is FALSE)
fontsize	(Optional) Font size for the plot (default is 8)
...	Additional arguments for ggrepel::geom_text_repel() when label = TRUE

Value

A volcano plot of DE results

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

DE_between_group_out <- DE_between_group(example_obj, assay = 2)
plot_volcano(DE_between_group_out, group1 = "untreated",
             group2 = "IFNbeta", time = 24,
             logFC_thres = 0.5, adjP_thres = 0.05, label = TRUE)
```

plot_WGCNA

Plot WGCNA results

Description

Plot WGCNA module eigengenes and module-group/time correlations based on output of run_WGCNA()

Usage

```
plot_WGCNA(net, fontsize = 8)
```

Arguments

net	WGCNA network object output by run_WGCNA()
fontsize	Font size for plots (default is 8)

Value

Plots of WGCNA module dendrogram, module eigengenes, pairwise scatterplots of eigengenes, clustering of module eigengenes, and module-trait correlation heatmap

References

https://github.com/edo98811/WGCNA_official_documentation/blob/main/FemaleLiver-03-relateModsToExt.R

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

# wgcna_input <- prepare_WGCNA(example_obj, assay = 2, powers = seq(1, 30),
#   networkType = "signed", RsquaredCut = 0.8)
# wgcna_input$fitIndices
# picked_power <- wgcna_input$powerEstimate
# example_net <- run_WGCNA(wgcna_input,
#   power = picked_power,
#   minModuleSize = 10, # only 100 genes in the example data
#   numericLabels = TRUE)
data("example_net")
plot_WGCNA(example_net, fontsize = 8)
```

prepare_WGCNA

Prepare data and choose power for WGCNA

Description

Prepare input data for WGCNA (format, QC), then choose the appropriate soft thresholding power for network construction, by analysing scale free topology with different soft thresholding powers.

Usage

```
prepare_WGCNA(
  se_obj,
  assay = 2,
  networkType = "signed",
  RsquaredCut = 0.8,
  MeanConnectivity = 100,
  powers = NULL,
  fontsize = 8,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se_obj	A SummarizedExperiment object. Data normalised to time point 0 can be in the second assay slot, created by <code>normalise_to_start()</code> . Features can be pre-filtered, e.g. by residual variance calculated by <code>decomp_variance()</code> , to remove noisy features before running WGCNA.
assay	Which assay slot of the SummarizedExperiment object to use for WGCNA input (default is 2, which is where the time 0 normalised data is stored by <code>normalise_to_start()</code>)
networkType	(Optional) Parameter of <code>WGCNA::pickSoftThreshold()</code> (default is "signed")
RsquaredCut	(Optional) Parameter of <code>WGCNA::pickSoftThreshold()</code> (default is 0.8)
MeanConnectivity	(Optional) Line of mean connectivity (default is 100)
powers	(Optional) Parameter of <code>WGCNA::pickSoftThreshold()</code> (default is <code>c(seq(1, 10, by = 1), seq(12, 20, by = 2))</code>)
fontsize	Base font size for diagnostic plots (default: 8).
...	Additional parameters to be passed to <code>WGCNA::pickSoftThreshold()</code>

Value

A list containing results of the scale-free topology fit indices with different powers, suggested power, network type and prepared input data used for reuse in `run_WGCNA()`

References

https://github.com/edo98811/WGCNA_official_documentation/

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

wgcna_input <- prepare_WGCNA(example_obj, assay = 2, powers = seq(1, 30),
  networkType = "signed", RsquaredCut = 0.8)
wgcna_input$fitIndices
picked_power <- wgcna_input$powerEstimate
# example_net <- run_WGCNA(wgcna_input,
#   power = picked_power,
#   minModuleSize = 10, # only 100 genes in the example data
#   numericLabels = TRUE)
# plot_WGCNA(example_net, fontsize = 8)
```

run_Trendy

*Segmented regression analysis***Description**

Run segmented regression analysis with Trendy on imputed data for multiple groups of samples in a list of SummarizedExperiment objects. The results will be returned in a list format. Each element in the list corresponds to one group of samples and contains the Trendy analysis results for that group.

If the feature parameter is not specified, all features expressed in at least minExp time points in each group will be included in the analysis for the group. calc_feature_property() should be run before imputation to calculate the expression ratio for each feature in each group. Missing values can be imputed after calc_feature_property() using the impute_groups() function.

If a group has less than 4 time points available, Trendy analysis cannot be performed and NULL will be returned for the group.

Usage

```
run_Trendy(
  se_obj_imp_list,
  group = NULL,
  feature = NULL,
  minExp = 0.5,
  maxK = 1,
  meanCut = 0,
  minNumInSeg = 3,
  NCores = 1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se_obj_imp_list	A list of SummarizedExperiment objects with no missing values
group	A character vector of group names to be analysed. If NULL, all groups in the input list will be used (default is NULL)
feature	A character vector of feature names to be included in the analysis. If NULL, all features with expression ratio (Exp_ratio) >= minExp will be used, based on results of calc_feature_property() before imputation. (default is NULL)
minExp	Minimum expression ratio for a feature to be included in the analysis (default is 0.5)
maxK	Parameter of Trendy::trendy(), maximum number of breakpoints allowed in the segmented regression model (default is 1)
meanCut	Parameter of Trendy::trendy(), minimum mean expression required for a feature to be included in the analysis (default is 0)

minNumInSeg	Parameter of Trendy::trendy(), minimum number of samples required in each segment (default is 3)
NCores	Number of cores to use for parallel processing (default is 1)
...	Additional arguments to be passed to the Trendy::trendy()

Value

A list of Trendy analysis results, including the fitted model parameters and statistics for each feature in each group.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged_list <- calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list,
  threshold = 0)
# no missing value in the example dataset, so imputation is not necessary
example_obj_merged_imp_list <- impute_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

# "untreated" group has only 3 time points, so Trendy analysis will not be
# performed for this group
example_res_list <- run_Trendy(example_obj_merged_imp_list, maxK = 1,
  minNumInSeg = 2, meanCut = 0)
# usethis::use_data(example_res_list)

# plot_segments(example_obj_merged_imp_list, example_res_list,
#   feature = c("Mctp1"))
# plot_breakpoints(example_res_list)
# trendy_summary <- summarise_Trendy(example_res_list)
# trendy_list <- extract_segment_trends(trendy_summary)
```

run_WGCNA

Weighted gene co-expression network analysis

Description

Run WGCNA based on output of prepare_WGCNA(), to identify co-expression modules of features with WGCNA::blockwiseModules()

Usage

```
run_WGCNA(wgcna_input, power, numericLabels = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

wgcna_input	A list output by <code>prepare_WGCNA()</code> , containing the prepared input data and networkType parameter used in power selection.
power	Soft-thresholding power to be used in <code>WGCNA::blockwiseModules()</code> , selected automatically or manually based on the output of <code>prepare_WGCNA()</code>
numericLabels	Whether to use numeric labels for modules in the output (default is TRUE)
...	Additional parameters to be passed to <code>WGCNA::blockwiseModules()</code>

Value

The built network and parameters of `WGCNA::blockwiseModules()`, and the input data and sample information for use in `plot_WGCNA()`.

References

https://github.com/edo98811/WGCNA_official_documentation/blob/main/FemaleLiver-03-relateModsToExt.R

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)

wgcna_input <- prepare_WGCNA(example_obj, assay = 2, powers = seq(1, 30),
  networkType = "signed", RsquaredCut = 0.8)
wgcna_input$fitIndices
picked_power <- wgcna_input$powerEstimate
example_net <- run_WGCNA(wgcna_input,
  power = picked_power,
  minModuleSize = 10, # only 100 genes in the example data
  numericLabels = TRUE)
# plot_WGCNA(example_net, fontsize = 8)
# use_data(example_net)
```

set_custom_palette *Set custom color palette*

Description

Set a custom color palette for groups to use in all subsequent plotting functions that support custom palettes.

Usage

```
set_custom_palette(palette)
```

Arguments

palette A named vector where names correspond to group names and values are the corresponding colors (e.g., `c("Group1" = "#FF0000", "Group2" = "#00FF00")`).

Value

The function does not return a value but sets the custom palette as an option that can be accessed by other plotting functions. The palette will be stored in the R session options under the name "custom.palette".

Examples

```
custom_palette <- c("untreated" = "#1b9e77", "IFNbeta" = "#d95f02",
  "IFNgamma" = "#7570b3", "LPS" = "#e7298a")
set_custom_palette(custom_palette)
```

split_groups

Split groups

Description

Split SummarizedExperiment object by groups

Usage

```
split_groups(se_obj)
```

Arguments

se_obj A SummarizedExperiment object created by `create_input()`

Value

A list of SummarizedExperiment objects for each group in the input object. Each object in the list corresponds to one group of samples.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged <- merge_groups(example_obj_merged_list)
```

`summarise_feature_property`*Summarise feature properties*

Description

This function takes a list of merged SummarizedExperiment objects, which are the output of the `calc_feature_property()` function, and summarizes the feature properties across all groups. It extracts the row data from each SummarizedExperiment object, combines them into a single data frame, and returns this summary data frame. Each row in the resulting data frame represents a feature, and the columns contain the properties of that feature for each group, including the feature name, group name, proportion of NA values for that feature in that group, randomness p-value, and maximum fold change over time.

Usage

```
summarise_feature_property(se_obj_merged_list)
```

Arguments

`se_obj_merged_list`

A list of merged SummarizedExperiment objects, output of `calc_feature_property()` function

Value

A data frame summarizing the feature properties across all groups, with each row representing a feature and columns containing the properties including the feature name, group name, and the proportion of NA values for that feature in that group, randomness p-value, and maximum fold change over time.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)

example_obj_merged_list <-
  calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list, threshold = 0)
property_random_fc <- summarise_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list)
```

summarise_module_pattern
Summarise module patterns

Description

Summarise module patterns by integrating WGCNA output with Trendy results

Usage

```
summarise_module_pattern(module, trendy_summary, print_top_n = TRUE, top_n = 5)
```

Arguments

module	A data frame with columns "Feature" and "Module"
trendy_summary	A data frame of trendy results, output of summarise_Trendy()
print_top_n	Whether to output the top n patterns per module as text (default is TRUE)
top_n	Number of top patterns to show per module when print_top_n is TRUE (default is 5)

Value

A list of data frames, each data frame shows the pattern counts in a module

Examples

```
data("example_res_list")
trendy_summary <- summarise_Trendy(example_res_list)

data(example_net)
example_module <- WGCNA_module(example_net)
summarise_module_pattern(example_module, trendy_summary)
```

summarise_Trendy *Summarise Trendy results*

Description

Summarise Trendy results into data frame

Usage

```
summarise_Trendy(res_list, ...)
```

Arguments

`res_list` A list of Trendy analysis results, output of `run_Trendy()`
`...` Additional arguments to be passed to the Trendy: `: topTrendy()`

Value

A data frame of summary results of Trendy, including breakpoints, segment slopes and p-values for each fitted feature in each group. A "Pattern" column is added to show the combination of segment trends (up, down, stable) for each feature.

Examples

```
data("example")
example_obj <- normalise_to_start(example_obj)
example_obj_list <- split_groups(example_obj)
example_obj_merged_list <- merge_replicates(example_obj_list)
example_obj_merged_list <-
  calc_feature_property(example_obj_merged_list, threshold = 0)
# no missing value in the example dataset, so imputation is not necessary
example_obj_merged_imp_list <- impute_groups(example_obj_merged_list)

# "untreated" group has only 3 time points, so Trendy analysis will not be
# performed for this group
# example_res_list <- run_Trendy(example_obj_merged_imp_list, maxK = 1,
#   minNumInSeg = 2, meanCut = 0)
data("example_res_list")

plot_segments(example_obj_merged_imp_list, example_res_list,
  feature = c("Mctp1"))
plot_breakpoints(example_res_list)
trendy_summary <- summarise_Trendy(example_res_list)
trendy_list <- extract_segment_trends(trendy_summary)
```

 theme_custom

Custom ggplot2 theme

Description

A minimal theme used by all TiDEomics plotting functions, built on `theme_minimal()`. Exported so users can apply it to their own plots for consistent styling.

Usage

```
theme_custom(base_size = 8, panel_border = FALSE, legend_position = "right")
```

Arguments

`base_size` Base font size (default: 8).
`panel_border` Logical, whether to draw a border around the panel (default: FALSE).
`legend_position` Legend position (default: "right").

Value

A ggplot2 theme object.

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(mtcars, aes(wt, mpg)) +
  geom_point() +
  theme_custom(base_size = 10)
```

tutorial_data	<i>Dataset for TiDEomics tutorial, expression matrix</i>
---------------	--

Description

A subset of GSE263759 data set published in [Integrated time-series analysis and high-content CRISPR screening delineate the dynamics of macrophage immune regulation](#)

Usage

```
data(tutorial_data)
```

Format

A data.frame with 500 rows and 41 variables:

Feature Feature ID, e.g. gene symbols

Sample1, Sample2, ... Expression values for each sample

Details

Code for preparing the data is available in `data-raw/tutorial_input.R`

- Ensembl IDs were mapped to symbols, genes with all zero counts were excluded.
- Use time 0 untreated samples for other groups' time 0.
- Include "untreated", "IFNbeta", "IFNgamma", "LPS" groups.
- Sample 500 random genes.

Source

GSE263759

tutorial_sample_info *Dataset for TiDEomics tutorial, sample information*

Description

A subset of GSE263759 data set published in [Integrated time-series analysis and high-content CRISPR screening delineate the dynamics of macrophage immune regulation](#)

Usage

```
data(tutorial_sample_info)
```

Format

A data.frame with 40 rows and 5 variables:

Sample Sample ID

Group Experimental group (untreated, different treatments)

Time Time point

Replicate Replicate ID for each group and time point

Batch Batch information

Details

Code for preparing the data is available in `data-raw/tutorial_input.R`

- Ensembl IDs were mapped to symbols, genes with all zero counts were excluded.
- Use time 0 untreated samples for other groups' time 0.
- Include "untreated", "IFNbeta", "IFNgamma", "LPS" groups.
- Sample 500 random genes.

Source

GSE263759

WGCNA_module	<i>Convert WGCNA output to feature-module data frame</i>
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Description

Converts the module assignments from `run_WGCNA()` output into two-column data.frame with `Feature` and `Module` columns, expected by `plot_modules_v()`, `plot_modules_h()`, `summarise_module_pattern()`, and all enrichment functions.

Usage

```
WGCNA_module(net, exclude_grey = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>net</code>	The output of <code>run_WGCNA()</code> (a list containing <code>\$colors</code>)
<code>exclude_grey</code>	Logical. If TRUE, features assigned to module 0 (grey / unassigned) are removed. Default: FALSE

Value

A data.frame with columns `Feature` (character) and `Module` (factor with sorted levels). When `exclude_grey = TRUE`, grey/unassigned features are excluded.

Examples

```
data(example_net)
module <- WGCNA_module(example_net)
```

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